

## Buttsbury Junior School French Progression

Year 3	<b>Speaking</b>	<b>Listening</b>	<b>Reading</b>	<b>Writing</b>	<b>Grammar</b>
	<p>To take part in limited conversations using simple words, phrases and short sentences (e.g. basic greetings and information about myself)</p> <p>Speak aloud familiar words or short phrases in chorus</p> <p>Use correct pronunciation when speaking and start to see links between pronunciation and spelling</p>	<p>Listen and respond to familiar spoken words, phrases and sentences (e.g. simple instructions, rhymes, songs)</p> <p>Develop an understanding of the sounds of individual letters and groups of letters</p>	<p>Recognise and understand familiar written words and short phrases (e.g. basic nouns and first person 'I' form of simple verbs in written text)</p> <p>Read aloud familiar words or short phrases in chorus</p>	<p>Write some familiar simple words from memory of using supported written materials (e.g. familiar nouns).</p> <p>Begin to write some phrases.</p>	<p>Start to understand the concept of gender (masc, fem.) and how this is shown in French</p> <p>Begin to understand articles and determiners.</p>

Year 3 Brain Busters	<u>J'apprends le Français</u> <b>(1)</b>	<u>J'apprends le</u> <b>Français (2)</b>	Les animaux	Les fruits	Les légumes	Petit Chaperon Rouge
	BB1: Paris is the capital of France.	BB1 : Ma couleur préférée c'est le.. My favourite colour is..	BB1: Les animaux	BB1: une fraise is a strawberry.	BB1: Les legumes means vegetables.	BB1: Little Red Riding Hood = Petit Chaperon Rouge
	BB2: Ecoute means listen.	BB2 : Quelle est ta couleur préférée? What is your favourite colour?	BB2: Un (masculine 'a')	BB2: Les (plural)	BB2: Les carrots is carrots in French.	BB2: Un grande forêt = the large forest
	BB3: Bonjour means hello.	BB3: Je n'aime pas... I do not like...	BB3: Une (feminine 'a')	BB3: Un/une (Singular)	BB3: Les pommes de terre is potatoes.	BB3: Elle s'appelait... = Her names was...
	BB4: Je m'appelle means I am called...		BB4: Je suis.... (I am)	BB4: J'aime means I like.	BB4: 1 kilo de means a kilo of.	BB4: Le corp = the body

## Buttsbury Junior School French Progression

	BB5: Un, deux, trois, quatre, cinq means One, two, three, four, five.		BB5: Devine qui je suis..... (Guess who I am)	BB5: Je n'aime pas means I do not like.	BB5: Je voudrais means I would like.	BB5: Le tête = the head
--	---	--	---	---	--------------------------------------	-------------------------

Year 3 Vocabulary	J'apprends le Français (1)	J'apprends le Français (2)	Les animaux	Les fruits	Les légumes	Petit Chaperon Rouge
	Eiffel Tower	Rouge	un lapin	Les fruits	Les épinards	Petit Chaperon rouge
	Paris	Violet	un cochon	Une banane	Les haricots verts	Le tête
	Croissant	Vert	un lion	Un kiwi	1 kilo de...	Un grande forêt
	Écoutez	Bleu	les animaux	Une pomme	Les aubergines	Le Corps
	Répétez	Noir	un canard	Une cerise	Les pommes de terre	Elle s'appelait
	Bonjour	Orange	une souris	Un abricot	Un kilo	
	Ça va?	Jaune	un singe	Un fraise	Les oignons	
	Je m'appelle	Blanc	un cheval	Une prune	Les petits pois	
	Un	Marron	un mouton	Une orange	Un demi kilo	
	Deux	Rose	un vache	Une pêche	Les carottes	
	Trois	Gris	un oiseau	Une poire	Les tomates	
	Quatre				Je voudrais...	
	Cinq				Les courgettes	
	Six				Les champignons	
	Sept					
	Huit					
	Neuf					
	Dix					

## Buttsbury Junior School French Progression

Year 4	<b>Speaking</b>	<b>Listening</b>	<b>Reading</b>	<b>Writing</b>	<b>Grammar</b>
	<p>To take part in short conversations involving several exchanges.</p> <p>Communicate by asking and answering a wider range of questions, using longer phrases and sentences</p> <p>Present short pieces of information to another person</p> <p>Apply phonic knowledge to support speaking (also reading and writing)</p>	<p>Listen for and identify specific words and phrases in instructions, stories and songs</p> <p>Follow a text accurately whilst listening to it being read.</p> <p>Listen and respond to familiar stories e.g. Goldilocks</p>	<p>Accurately read and understand familiar written words, phrases and short sentences (e.g. in fairy tales or character/place descriptions)</p> <p>Accurately read a wider range of familiar written words, phrases and short sentences aloud to another person</p>	<p>Write some familiar words, phrases and simple sentences from memory or using supported written materials (e.g. a word bank)</p> <p>Begin to innovate and write independently.</p>	<p>Understand the concept of gender (masc, fem) and which article (definite or indefinite) to use correctly with different nouns</p> <p>Introduce and use the plural.</p> <p>Introduce and use the negative form</p> <p>Begin to look at what a fully conjugated verb looks like</p>

Year 4 Brain Busters	<b>Je me presente</b>	<b>En Classe</b>	<b>Au Salon de Thé</b>	<b>Ma Famille</b>	<b>Les habitats</b>	<b>Boucle d'or et les Trois Ours</b>
	BB1: Ça va means how are you?	BB1: En classe means <i>in the classroom</i> .	BB1: Salon de Thé means Tea Room.	BB1: Voici ma famille	BB1: La forêt tropicale est un habitat.	BB1: Boucle d'Or means golden curl (Goldilocks).
	BB2: Je m'appelle means I am called...	BB2: Un/une means <i>a</i>	BB2: J'ai faim means I am hungry.	BB2: Ma mère s'appelle	BB2: L'océan est un habitat.	BB2: Papa and Maman are familiar forms of Père and Mère.
	BB3: J'ai huit/neuf ans means I am eight/nine years old.	BB3: Des means <i>some</i>	BB3: J'ai soif means I am thirsty.	BB3: Mon père s'appelle	BB3: La prairie est un habitat.	BB3: Grand(e) can mean tall or high.
	BB4: J'habite à Billericay means I live in Billericay.	BB4: J'ai means <i>I have</i>	BB4: Je voudrais means I would like...	BB4: As-tu des frères et des soeurs?	BB4: L'arctique est un habitat.	BB4: Ours means bear.
	BB5: Je suis anglais(e) means I am English.	BB5: Je n'ai pas de means <i>I don't have</i>	BB5: Vous désirez means What would you like...?	BB5: J'ai ___ et ___	BB5: Le desert est un habitat.	BB5: Fairy tales are told all around the world in many different languages.

## Buttsbury Junior School French Progression

Year 4 Vocabulary	Je me presente	En Classe	Au Salon de Thé	Ma Famille	Les habitats	Boucle d'or et les Trois Ours
	Ça va? Ça va bien merci Quel âge as-tu? J'ai .... Ans Où habites-tu J'habite à .... ans.	Un livre un cahier un crayon un baton de colle un stylo un gomme un taille-crayon	Un café un thé au lait un jus d'orange un croissant un chocolat chaud  le pain un sandwich s'il vous plait l'addition	Ma famille je suis la mère le père la soeur  le frère l'oncle la tante s'appelle j'ai, voici	l'eau la nourriture l'air le soleil un abri  le chameau le requin l'ours blanc le singe araignée	Boucle d'Or grand(e) la chaise Papa Ours moyen(ne) le lit Maman Ours petit(e) la maison

## Buttsbury Junior School French Progression

Year 5	<b>Speaking</b>	<b>Listening</b>	<b>Reading</b>	<b>Writing</b>	<b>Grammar</b>
	<p>Take part in short conversations on a range of topics using sentences and familiar vocabulary with increasing fluency and understanding.</p> <p>Use conjunctions to link together what they say so as to add fluency.</p> <p>Present to another person or group of people using sentences and authentic pronunciation, gesture and intonation to convey accurate meaning.</p>	<p>Listen attentively and understand more complex phrases and sentences in longer passages of French (e.g. instructions given, stories, songs and extended listening exercises)</p> <p>Undertake longer listening exercises and be able to identify key words of phrases so as to answer questions</p>	<p>Read a variety of simple texts in different but authentic formats (e.g. stories, song lyrics, reading exercises with set questions, emails or letters)</p>	<p>Write simple sentences and short paragraphs from memory or using supported written materials (e.g. a word bank)</p> <p>Use verbs in the correct form (e.g. first person or third person in writing.)</p> <p>Check spellings with a dictionary</p>	<p>Understand the concept of gender (masc, fem) plural and the effect on surrounding vocabulary e.g. adjectival agreement and which article (definite or indefinite) to use correctly with different nouns</p> <p>Use the negative form, possessives and conjunctions</p> <p>Understand what the different parts of a fully conjugated verb look like and what each of the personal pronouns are</p>

Year 5 Brain Busters	<b>La Date</b>	<b>Chez Moi</b>	<b>Quel Temps Fait-il?</b>	<b>Les Vêtements</b>	<b>Les Habitats</b>	<b>Les Planètes</b>
	BB1: 'Quelle est...' means 'What is...' in French.	BB1: 'Un appartement' = 'an apartment'.	BB1: quel temps fait-il? = What is the weather?	BB1: 'Les vêtements' translates to 'clothes'.	BB1: Animals and plants need air (l'air), water (l'eau) and sunlight (le soleil) to survive.	BB1: La Terre translates to 'the Earth'.
	BB2: French months and days do not start with a capital letter.	BB2: 'Une maison' = 'a house'.	BB2: Dans le/l'... de la France = in the ... of France	BB2: 'Je porte' translates to 'I wear'.	BB2: 'un habitat' means 'a habitat'	BB2: La lune translates to 'the moon'.
	BB3: 'Aujourd'hui' means today.	BB3 : 'Chez moi il y a...' = 'In my home there is...'	BB3: nord/sud/centre/ouest/est = north/south/centre/ west east	BB3: 'When' in French is 'quand'.	BB3: 'Je pousse' means 'I grow' in French.	BB3: 'lumineux' translates to 'bright'.
	BB4: 'Demain' means tomorrow.	BB4 : 'Chez moi il n'y a pas de' =	BB4: tres = very	BB4: In French, you always write the adjective AFTER the	BB4: 'Habite' means 'to live'.	BB4: 'rocheux' translates to rocky.

## Buttsbury Junior School French Progression

		'In my home there is not...'		noun e.g. une jupe rose = a pink skirt.		
	BB5: 'Le' is included before writing the number of the date e.g. lundi le 2 septembre.	BB5: 'mais' = 'but'	BB5: assez = quite	BB5: To say 'my' in French, we say 'ma/mon/mes' depending on whether it is feminine, masculine or plural.	BB5: 'Le chameau habite dans le désert' means 'The camel lives in the desert.'	BB5: 'gazeux' translates 'gaseous'

Year 5 Vocabulary	La Date	Chez Moi	Quel Temps Fait-il?	Les Vêtements	Les Habitats	Les Planètes
	quelle est le date mois premier aujourd'hui demain jours mon anniversaire	Un appartement une maison une cuisine une salle de bains une salle à manger une chambre	il pleut il neige il fait chaud il fait beau il fait mauvais il fait froid il y a du vent il y a du soleil il y a un orage aujourd'hui dans le/l' nord sud centre ouest est très assez	Une chemise Une jupe Une robe Une vest Un tee-shirt Un manteau Un pantalon Des chaussettes Des chaussures	les habitats les plantes besoin de poussent pousse la forêt tropicale l'arctique le désert la prairie l'océan	Les planètes La Terre La lune

## Buttsbury Junior School French Progression

Year 6	<b>Speaking</b>	<b>Listening</b>	<b>Reading</b>	<b>Writing</b>	<b>Grammar</b>
	<p>Use spoken language to initiate and sustain simple conversations on familiar topics or to tell stories from their own experience</p> <p>Present to an audience about familiar topics (e.g. role-play, presentation or read/repeat from a text or passage)</p> <p>Use a wider range of conjunctions to link together what they say so as to add fluency.</p> <p>Give and justify opinions. Continue to develop accurate pronunciation of trickier and unknown words.</p>	<p>Understand the main points in passages of language spoken with authentic pronunciation and at authentic speed</p> <p>Understand and identify longer and more complex phrases and sentences (e.g. descriptions, information, instructions) in listening exercises and be able to answer questions based on what they hear</p>	<p>Read aloud with expression and accurate pronunciation</p> <p>Read and understand the main points and more specific details from a variety of simple texts in different but authentic formats (e.g. stories, reading exercises with set questions, emails, letters)</p>	<p>Write longer sentences and short paragraphs from memory or using supported materials (e.g. word bank)</p> <p>Use verbs in the correct form (e.g. first person or third person in writing to express what they and other people like to do etc.)</p> <p>Identify and correctly use adjectives (e.g. colours or size) and conjunctions placing them correctly in a sentence and understand the concept of adjectival agreement</p>	<p>Understand the concept of gender (masc, fem) and which article (definite or indefinite) to use correctly with different nouns</p> <p>Understand what the different parts of a fully conjugated verb look like and what each of the personal pronouns are, understand a verb stem and the different endings for the main types of verbs</p> <p>Identify and correctly use adjectives (e.g. colours or size) and conjunctions placing them correctly in a sentence and understand the concept of adjectival agreement</p> <p>Begin to look at different tenses e.g. past tense</p>

Year 6 Brain Busters	<b>As-tu un animal?</b>	<b>A l'école</b>	<b>Le week-end</b>	<b>Les Jeux olympiques</b>	<b>Les Vikings</b>
	BB1: As-tu un animal? = Do you have a pet?	BB1: Les matières = The lessons.	BB1: Qu'est-ce que tu fais le week-end? What do you do at the weekend?	BB1: Je fais du plongeon. = I do diving.	BB1: The French verb être means to be.
	BB2: J'ai un chat = I have a cat	BB2: A l'école = At school.	BB2: Je vais au cinema. I go to the cinema.	BB2: Je fais du cyclisme. = I do cycling.	BB2: Grand/Grande = Tall (feminine form with an e)
	BB3: J'ai une tortue = I have a tortoise	BB3: J'étudie = I study.	BB3: Je joue au foot. I play football.	BB3: Je ne fais pas du boxe. = I don't do boxing.	BB3: The French verb avoir means to have.

## Buttsbury Junior School French Progression

	BB4: Qui s'appelle = That is called	BB4: Est-ce que tu aimes? = What do you enjoy?	BB4: Je regarde la télévision parce que c'est super! I watch television because it is great!	BB4: Il est nageur. = He is a swimmer.	BB4: Je me lève = I get up
	BB5: Je n'ai pas de = I do not have	BB5: Quelle heure est-il? = What time is it?	BB5: J'écoute de la musique parce que c'est génial. I listen to music because it is awesome!	BB5: Elle est rameuse. = She is a rower.	BB5: Je me couche = I go to bed

Year 6 Vocabulary	As-tu un animal?	A l'école	Le week-end	Les Jeux olympiques	Les Vikings
	As-tu un animal? un oiseau J'ai un chien un chat qui s'appelle un poison rouge un lapin Je n'ai pas de	L'informatique le dessin la géographie l'histoire le français la musique l'anglais le sport les maths j'étudie les matières heure à l'école	le week-end Qu'est-ce que... C'est super! Je vais... C'est nul! C'est génial!	Je fais Le plongeon L'escrime Je ne fais pas Le tir à l'arc L'équitation	grand grande petit petite j'explore je combats